AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

49 through 54 (Cancelled).

55. (Currently Amended) A method for filtering blood comprising: withdrawing blood from an adult patient;

filtering the withdrawn blood in a filter having an active filter membrane surface of no greater than 0.2 meters (m²) squared to remove filtrate from the blood, wherein the filter membrane blocks passage of blood molecules having a molecular weight cut of at least 50,000 Daltons, and

infusing treated blood into the adult patient.

- 56. (Currently Amended) A method as in claim 55 wherein the active filter membrane surface is no greater than 0.2 m² filtrate is removed at a rate determined by a mechanical filtrate pump and said method further comprising concentrating the blood by removal of the filtrate
- 57. (Currently Amended) A method as in claim 55 further comprising removing the filtrate with the filtrate pump at a rate no greater than one liter per hour.
- 58. (Previously Presented) A method as in claim 55 further comprising withdrawing the blood in a range of 10 to 60 milliliters per minute.

Gelfand et al. Appl. No. 10/642,638 October 4, 2004

- 59. (Previously Presented) A method as in claim 55 further comprising passing the blood through a blood circuit comprising the filter during a residence time period of no greater than 120 seconds.
- 60. (Currently Amended) A method as in claim 55 further comprising passing the blood through filter fibers having a length of at least 20 centimeters and wherein said filter fibers are housed in a substantially straight filter housing.
- 61. (Currently Amended) A method as in claim 55 further comprising passing the blood through a <u>straight</u> bundle of filter fibers having at least 620 fibers.
- 62. (Currently Amended) A method as in claim 55 wherein said filter <u>further</u> comprises a substantially straight housing having -has a length of at least 20 cm and an internal diameter of no greater than 1.5 cm.
- 63. (Currently Amended) A method as in claim 55 further comprising a shear rate of blood flowing through the filter of at least 1000 per second.
- 64. (Previously Presented) A filter for an extracorporeal blood circuit having an input for blood withdrawn from a human patient and a blood output for filtered blood to be infused into the patient, said filter comprising:

a filter body having a length of at least 20 centimeters (cm) and an interior diameter of no greater than 1.5 cm;

an input at a first end of the body to receive the withdrawn blood; an output at a second end of the body to discharge the filtered blood; a filter membrane in the body defining a blood passage through the body, wherein the membrane has an active filter membrane surface area of no greater than 0.2 meters squared (m²) and the filter membrane blocks passage of blood molecules having a molecular weight cut of greater than 50,000 Daltons, and

a filtrate output to the body and open to a side of the filter surface area opposite to the blood passage.

- 65. (Currently Amended) A filter as in claim 64 wherein the active filter membrane surface area is no greater than 0.1 m².
- 66. (Currently Amended) A method <u>filter</u> as in claim 64 wherein a volume of the blood passage in the filter is less than two percent of a cardiac output of an adult.
- 67. (Currently Amended) A method <u>filter</u> as in claim 64 wherein the filter membrane surface is an interior surface of a bundle of filter fibers.
- 68. (Currently Amended) A method filter as in claim 67 wherein the filter fibers have a length of at least 20 centimeters.
- 69. (Currently Amended) A method filter as in claim 67 wherein the bundle of filter fibers has at least 620 fibers.
- 70. (New) A filter as in claim 64 wherein the filter body is substantially straight.
 - 71. (New) A filter as in claim 64 wherein the filter membrane comprise: hollow fibers and said fibers are arranged in a substantially straight bundle no greater than 1.5 centimeters in diameter.